

Class

Name

▪ **Look and circle.**

1.



- a. complicated
- b. deaf
- c. spell

2.



- a. great
- b. text
- c. flag

3.



- a. war
- b. middle
- c. speak

▪ **Read and circle.**

4.

hurry

a.



b.



c.



5.

culture

a.



b.



c.



▪ **Read and circle.**

6. My eyes don't _____ well.

- a. others
- b. work
- c. history



7. He can send you a _____.

- a. word
- b. line
- c. message



8. She loves her _____ class.

- a. history
- b. deaf
- c. news



▪ **Circle. Then write.**

9.



They _____ (laugh/hurry) at the funny joke.

10.



He was born _____ (middle/deaf) and can't hear anything.

11.



(War/These) are my favorite snacks to eat.

- **Read the passage. Then choose the correct answer.**

[12-15]

Each country's flag is different. The flags have different meanings. Some show the country's history. Others show the country's culture.

The flag of South Korea has three parts. The white part stands for peace. There is a red and blue circle in the middle. This is a taegeuk. It means balance. There are black lines in each corner. These have different meanings. They mean the sky, sun, moon, and earth. These things are all important to Koreans.

12. Every country has the same flag.

Yes

No

13. A flag can show a country's history.

Yes

No

14. The _____ part of South Korea's flag is red and blue.

a. work

b. line

c. middle

15. What do the lines on the South Korean flag stand for?

a. Peace and balance

b. History and culture

c. The sky, sun, moon, and earth

[16-19]

People use codes to send messages secretly. Some are simple. One word means another word. These codes are easy to “break” or understand.

Some codes use math. The Enigma code was one. The Germans created it during World War II. It used complicated math. Alan Turing was great at math. He worked for the UK government. He broke the code!

Americans used Navajo in their code. Navajo is a Native American language. Few people know it. This code was never broken.

16. Codes are used to send messages. Yes No
17. Germans used codes during World War II. Yes No
18. The Navajo language was used for some _____.
a. words b. messages c. math
19. Why was Navajo a good language to use in World War II?
a. Everyone knew it.
b. It used math.
c. Not very many people knew it.